

Algebra and discrete mathematics, homework sheet 1

Due: 25 February 2014, 8:45

You can hand in in groups of two. Please clearly write the names on the sheet.

1. The integers modulo 30 form a monoid, $(\mathbb{Z}/30, \cdot, 1)$, with respect to multiplication.
 - (a) Determine $(\mathbb{Z}/30)^\times$, i.e. the group of invertible elements.
 - (b) Denote the class $a + 30\mathbb{Z}$ by a . Compute the cyclic submonoids $\langle 3 \rangle$, $\langle 6 \rangle$, and $\langle 7 \rangle$ and determine for each of them the cycle length and the tail length.
2. Let $(G, \circ, e, x \mapsto \text{inv}(x))$ be a group and let $X \subseteq G$.
 - (a) Show that the normalizer of X in G

$$N(X, G) = \{g \in G \mid g \circ X = X \circ g\}$$

is a subgroup of G .

- (b) Show that the centre of G

$$Z(G) = \{g \in G \mid h \circ g = g \circ h \text{ for all } h \in G\}$$

is a subgroup of G .

3. Determine $C(\{(1, 2, 3), (1, 3, 2)\}, S_3)$ and $N(\{(1, 2, 3), (1, 3, 2)\}, S_3)$
4. Let $\circ$ be an operation on the rationals $\mathbb{Q}$ defined as follows:

$$a \circ b = ab + 2(a + b) + 2,$$

where addition and multiplication are the regular operations on $\mathbb{Q}$.

- (a) Show that $\mathbb{Q}$ is a monoid with respect to the operation $\circ$. You may use that $(\mathbb{Q}, +, 0, x \mapsto -x)$ and $(\mathbb{Q}, \cdot, 1, x \mapsto x^{-1})$ are commutative groups.
- (b) Is $(\mathbb{Q}, \circ)$ commutative?
- (c) Determine the invertible elements.