Public-key generation

Each user does:

- \checkmark chooses any two integers a and b,
- sets M = ab 1,
- chooses two more integers a' and b',

● sets e = a'M + a, d = b'M + b, n = (ed - 1)/M.

Show that n is an integer.

- **•** The public key is (n, e),
- the private key is d.

Encryption and Decryption

• To send Alice a plaintext m, one computes

 $c = em \mod n.$

- Alice deciphers the ciphertext by multiplying c by d modulo n.
- Why does this recover the plaintext? I.e. explain why

 $m = dc \mod n$

holds.

Try to break the scheme!